

```

1 (require 2htdp/image)
2 (require spd/tags)
3
4 ;; In this problem you will need to remember the following DDs
5 ;; for an image organizer.
6
7
8 ;; =====
9 ;; Data definitions:
10
11 (@htdd Dir ListOfDir ListOfImage)
12 (define-struct dir (name sub-dirs images))
13 ;; Dir is (make-dir String ListOfDir ListOfImage) A
14 ;; interp. a directory in the organizer, with a name, a list
15 ;;         of sub-dirs and a list of images.
16
17
18 ;; ListOfDir is one of:
19 ;; - empty
20 ;; - (cons Dir ListOfDir)
21 ;; interp. A list of directories, this represents the sub-directories of
22 ;;         a directory.
23
24
25 ;; ListOfImage is one of:
26 ;; - empty B
27 ;; - (cons Image ListOfImage)
28 ;; interp. a list of images, this represents the sub-images of a directory.
29 ;; NOTE: Image is a primitive type, but ListOfImage is not.
30
31 (define I1 (square 10 "solid" "red"))
32 (define I2 (square 12 "solid" "green"))
33 (define I3 (rectangle 13 14 "solid" "blue"))
34 (define D4 (make-dir "D4" empty (list I1 I2)))
35 (define D5 (make-dir "D5" empty (list I3))) C
36 (define D6 (make-dir "D6" (list D4 D5) empty))
37
38
39
40 ;; =====
41 ;; Functions:
42
43 (@problem 1)
44 ;; Design an abstract fold function for Dir called fold-dir.
45
46
47 (@htdf fold-dir)
48 (@signature (String Y Z -> X) (X Y -> Y) (Image Z -> Z) Y Z Dir -> X)
49 ;; the abstract fold function for Dir
50 (check-expect (fold-dir make-dir cons cons empty empty D6) D6)
51 (check-expect (local [(define (c1 n rlod rloi) (+ 1 rlod rloi))
52                       (define (c2 rdir rlod) (+ rdir rlod))
53                       (define (c3 img rloi) (+ 1 rloi))]
54               (fold-dir c1 c2 c3 0 0 D6))
55               6)
56
57 (@template-origin Dir (listof Dir) (listof Image) encapsulated)
58
59 (define (fold-dir c1 c2 c3 b1 b2 d) D
60   (local [(define (fn-for-dir d) ; Dir -> X
61             (c1 (dir-name d)
62                 (fn-for-lod (dir-sub-dirs d))
63                 (fn-for-loi (dir-images d))))

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64
65     (define (fn-for-lod lod)          ; (listof Dir) -> Y
66       (cond [(empty? lod) b1]
67             [else E
68              (c2 (fn-for-dir (first lod))
69                  (fn-for-lod (rest lod)))]))
70
71     (define (fn-for-loi loi)         ; (listof Image) -> Z
72       (cond [(empty? loi) b2]
73             [else
74              (c3 (first loi)
75                  (fn-for-loi (rest loi)))]])
76     (fn-for-dir d))
77
78
79 (@problem 2)
80 ;; Design a function that consumes a Dir and produces the number of
81 ;; images in the directory and its sub-directories.
82 ;; Use the fold-dir abstract function.
83
84
85 (@htdf count-images)
86 (@signature Dir -> Natural)
87 ;; count total number of Images in dir and all its subdirs
88 (check-expect (count-images D4) 2)
89 (check-expect (count-images D6) 3)
90
91 (@template-origin use-abstract-fn)
92
93 (define (count-images d)
94   (local [(define (c1 n rlod rloi) (+ rlod rloi))
95           (define (c2 rdir rlod) (+ rdir rlod))
96           (define (c3 img rloi) (+ 1 rloi))]
97     (fold-dir c1 c2 c3 0 0 d)))
98   F
99
100 (@problem 3)
101 ;; Design a function that consumes a Dir and a String. The function looks in
102 ;; dir and all its sub-directories for a directory with the given name. If it
103 ;; finds such a directory it should produce true, if not it should produce
104 ;; false. Use the fold-dir abstract function.
105
106
107 (@htdf find)
108 (@signature String Dir -> Boolean)
109 ;; look for a dir named name, if found produce true, otherwise produce false
110 (check-expect (find "D4" D6) true) G
111 (check-expect (find "D8" D4) false)
112
113 (@template-origin use-abstract-fn)
114
115 (define (find name dir)
116   (local [(define (c1 n rdirs rimgs)
117           (or (string=? name n)
118               rdirs))
119         (define (c2 rdir rdirs)
120           (or rdir rdirs))
121         (define (c3 img rimgs)
122           false)]
123     (fold-dir c1 c2 c3 false false dir)))
124   H

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